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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/681,488	04/16/2001	Alexandru Gavrilescu	1018.129US1	3974	
23460	23460 7590 05/19/2004			EXAMINER	
LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900 180 NORTH STETSON AVENUE CHICAGO, IL 60601-6780			GOLD, AVI M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2157	6	
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/681,488	GAVRILESCU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Avi Gold	2157				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mai earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	1. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tute, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed be timely filed displays will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 March 2004.						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ Th	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
· <u> </u>	5) Claim(s)is/are allowed.					
	6) Claim(s) <u>1-36</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	Vor election requirement					
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Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Exami		Literatura Grandinan				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>04 March 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in App riority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Sum					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		fail Date mal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

The Amendment received on March 4, 2004 has been entered and fully considered.

Response to Amendment

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01. The embedded hyperlinks are found in paragraphs [0040] and [0042].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5-8, 10-13, 15, and 17-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fin et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,240,444 further in view of Brisebois et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,219,679.

Fin teaches the invention as claimed including multiple users sharing the same HTML page on the internet (see abstract).

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As to claim 1, Fin teaches a method for a first user to cobrowse a plurality of pages formatted according to one or more markup languages and organized into one or more web sites with a second user comprising:

initiating a cobrowsing session between a first client of the first user and a second client of the second user (col. 3, lines 24-35, Fin discloses one client collaborating with another client which needs an initiation);

browsing a web site on the first client by the first user (col. 3, lines 24-41, Fin discloses a client browsing information on the WWW);

sending a synchronization message by the first client to the second client, the synchronization message indicating at least one command comprising: a current relative position on the current page being navigated and viewed by the first user on the first client (col. 3, lines 27-35);

receiving the synchronization message by the second client (col. 3, lines 27-35, Fin discloses one client collaborating with another client which needs a synchronization); and,

cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user in accordance with the synchronization message (col. 3, lines 27-35, Fin discloses a sharing client viewing the web page controlled by the source client which is done in accordance with a necessary synchronization message).

Fin fails to teach the limitation further including the current relative position including at least one corner of the current page that is currently being viewed by the first user on the first client.

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However, Brisebois teaches the bookmarking of user-interactive information accessed over a communication network (see abstract). Brisebois teaches the use of a coordinate pair being assigned to a corner of the page viewed by the user (col. 4, lines 8-46).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Fin in view of Brisebois to use a current relative position of the current page including at least one corner of the current page that is currently being viewed by the first user on the first client. One would be motivated to do so because it allows for second client to have at least a portion of the same page as the first client to be displayed even if the screen size and resolution of the second client's browser is different.

Regarding claim 2, the method of claim 1, further comprising repeating browsing on the first client, sending the synchronization message by the first client, receiving the synchronization message by the second client, and cobrowsing on the second client until the cobrowsing session is terminated (col. 3, lines 27-35; col. 15, lines 58-60, Fin discloses a web collaboration being terminated).

Regarding claim 3, the method of claim 1, wherein initiating the cobrowsing session between the first client of the first user and the second client of the second user is in accordance with a preexisting protocol (col. 4, lines 35-37, Fin discloses the use of a TCP/IP protocol for communication among clients).

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Regarding claim 5, the method of claim 1, wherein browsing the web site on the first client by the first user comprises browsing a new page of the web site, such that the synchronization message indicates the current page being navigated as the new page (col. 15, lines 7-33, Fin discloses a request to display a Web document that the sending user opens).

Regarding claim 6, the method of claim 5, wherein cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user comprises opening a new browser window for the current page where no other browser window is open for the cobrowsing session on the second client (col. 15, lines 34-49, Fin discloses a new browser window being opened to allow the same Web document as the first client to be displayed).

Regarding claim 7, the method of claim 1, wherein browsing of the web site on the first client by the first user comprises scrolling within the current page at least one of vertically and horizontally such that the current relative position on the current page being navigated and viewed is changed, such that the synchronization message indicates the current relative position as changed, causing cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user to correspondingly scroll within the current page (col. 15, lines 62-67; col. 16, lines 1-22, Fin discloses the receiving clients having the same state of the Web browser as the sending client).

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Regarding claim 8, the method of claim 7, wherein the current relative position on the current page being navigated is indicated in accordance with a preexisting model specifying page layout (col. 15, lines 62-67; col. 16, lines 1-22).

Regarding claim 10, the method of claim 1, wherein the group of commands further comprises a portion of the current page being highlighted by the first user on the first client, such that the synchronization message indicates the portion of the current page being highlighted, causing cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user to correspondingly highlight the portion of the current page (col. 17, lines 4-27, Fin discloses the sharing of data from input devices among clients).

Regarding claim 11, the method of claim 1, wherein the group of commands further comprises a change of focus from a first browser window to a second browser window by the first user on the first client, such that the synchronization message indicates the change of focus, causing cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user to correspondingly change focus from a first browser window on the second client to a second browser window of the second client (col. 19, lines 34-38, Fin discloses a new window opened on the first client will open the same document on the second client).

Regarding claim 12, the method of claim 1, wherein the group of commands further comprises a resizing of a browser window by the first user on the first client,

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such that the synchronization message indicates the resizing, causing cobrowsing the web site on the second client by the second user to correspondingly resize a browser window on the second client (col. 15, lines 62-67; col. 16, lines 1-22).

Regarding claim 13, the method of claim 1, wherein sending the synchronization message and receiving the synchronization message are received in accordance with a preexisting protocol (col. 3, lines 24-35).

Regarding claim 15, the method of claim 1, wherein the synchronization message is formatted in accordance with an extension to a preexisting protocol (col. 4, lines 32-43; col. 3, lines 24-35).

Regarding claim 17, the method of claim 1 further comprising terminating the cobrowsing session (col. 15, lines 58-60).

Regarding claim 18, the method of claim 1 further comprising passing control of the cobrowsing session from the first client of the first user to the second client of the second user (col. 17, lines 10-27, Fin discloses a client other than the first one being the source to collaborate with).

Regarding claim 19, the method of claim 18, wherein the group of commands further comprises a transfer of control of the cobrowsing session from the first client to

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lines 24-41); and,

the second client, such that the synchronization message indicates the transfer of control (col. 17, lines 10-27, Fin discloses a client other than the first one being the source to collaborate with; where transfer of control and a synchronization message would be inherent).

Regarding claim 20, the method of claim 18, wherein the group of commands further comprises a request to obtain control of the cobrowsing session by the second client from the first client, such that the synchronization message indicates the request to obtain control (col. 17, lines 10-27, Fin discloses a client other than the first one being the source to collaborate with; where request to obtain control would be inherent).

Regarding claim 21, the method of claim 18, further comprising:
browsing a web site on the second client by the second user (col. 17, lines 10-27, Fin discloses a client other than the first one browsing a web site; col. 3, lines 24-41); sending a synchronization message by the second client to the first client, the synchronization message indicating at least one commands elected from the group of commands comprising: a current page of the web site being browsed on the second client by the second user and a current relative position on the current page being navigated and viewed by the second user on the second client (col. 17, lines 10-27; col. 3, lines 24-41); receiving the synchronization message by the first client (col. 17, lines 10-27; col. 3,

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cobrowsing the web site on the first client by the first user in accordance with the synchronization message (col. 17, lines 10-27; col. 3, lines 24-41).

Regarding claim 22, the method of claim 21, further comprising repeating browsing on the second client, sending the synchronization message by the second client, receiving the synchronization message by the first client, and cobrowsing on the first client until the cobrowsing session is terminated (col. 17, lines 10-27; col. 15, lines 58-60).

Claims 23-36 do not teach or define any new limitations above claims 1-3, 5-8, 10-13, 15, and 17-22 and therefore are rejected for similar reasons.

4. Claims 4 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fin and Brisebois further in view of Gudjonsson et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,564,261.

Fin teaches the invention as claimed including multiple users sharing the same HTML page on the internet (see abstract).

Brisebois teaches the invention as claimed including the bookmarking of userinteractive information accessed over a communication network (see abstract).

As to claims 4 and 14, Fin and Brisebois teach the method of claim 3 and 13.

Fin and Brisebois fail to teach the limitation further including the use of a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for a preexisting protocol.

However, Gudjonsson teaches a system and method of establishing communication sessions between users as a function of their availability and/or

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communication device(s) (see abstract). Gudjonsson teaches the use of Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) in a communication session (col. 12, lines 55-67; col. 13, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Fin and Brisebois in view of Gudjonsson to use a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). One would be motivated to do so because Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) is a well-known and efficient protocol that is used in sessions with one or more participants.

5. Claim 9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fin and Brisebois further in view of Anupam et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,535,912.

Fin teaches the invention as claimed including multiple users sharing the same HTML page on the internet (see abstract).

Brisebois teaches the invention as claimed including the bookmarking of userinteractive information accessed over a communication network (see abstract).

As to claim 9, Fin and Brisebois teach the method of claim 8.

Fin and Brisebois fail to teach the limitation further including the use of a Document Object Model (DOM) for a preexisting model.

However, Anupam teaches a method for creating and playing back a smart bookmark that automatically retrieves a requested web page through a plurality of intermediate web pages (see abstract). Anupam teaches the use of Document Object Model as a page layout model (col. 5, lines 25-67; col. 6, lines 46-58).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Fin and Brisebois in view of Anupam to use a Document Object Model. One would be motivated to do so because DOM is a standard in page layout specification models which makes cobrowsing more accurate and efficient.

6. Claim 16 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fin and Brisebois further in view of Kumar et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,006,253.

Fin teaches the invention as claimed including multiple users sharing the same HTML page on the internet (see abstract).

Brisebois teaches the invention as claimed including the bookmarking of userinteractive information accessed over a communication network (see abstract).

As to claim 16, Fin and Brisebois teach the method of claim 15.

Fin and Brisebois fail to teach the limitation further including the use of a Session Description Protocol (SDP) for a preexisting protocol for the synchronization message.

However, Kumar teaches a method and apparatus to provide a back channel for receiver terminals in a loosely coupled conference (see abstract). Kumar teaches the use of SDP to encode the conference announcement.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Fin and Brisebois in view of Kumar to use a Session Description Protocol as a protocol for the synchronization message. One would be motivated to do so because it is a well-known protocol that efficiently encodes information about sessions.

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Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, 17, 23-25, 27, and 30-34 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

8. Applicant's arguments filed March 4, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding claims 7, 12, 26, 29, and 36, the same state of the Web browsers on the clients, disclosed by Fin et al., indicates the same relative position on the web page. More evidence is shown in Fin et al., col. 9, lines 8-61 and col. 11, lines 16-30.

Regarding claims 11, 28, and 35, a new web document being opened by a user constitutes the same outcome as changing focus from a first browser to a second browser.

Regarding claims 18 to 22, Fin discloses sharing clients interchanging roles in col. 5, lines 8-18.

9. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). The above is in regards to the Applicants' arguments against the original 103 rejections.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,657,990 to Dilip et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,571,245 to Huang et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 5,941,957 to Ingrassia, Jr. et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,654,785 to Craig.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,298,356 to Jawahar et al.
 - U.S. Pat. No. 6,230,171 to Pacifici et al.

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U.S. Pat. No. 5,944,791 to Scherpbier.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Avi Gold whose telephone number is 703-305-8762.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:30 (1st Friday Off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 703-308-7562. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Avi Gold

Patent Examiner

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